CORE/SEGMENT SPARTAN COMMANDS –V1_7, 29th April 2009

The following commands shall be available to the core and segment modules

CMD	TYPE	FUNCTION	<u>Status</u>
9	LW	stores the received stream from xport to sram on the sc card, can be used for bitstream	completed
10	SR	transmits the contents of sram from a start pointer to an end pointer to the xport	completed
11	NW	programs the flash from bitstream held in sram	not completed
12	LW	writes 6 bytes to register (3 bytes start pointer/3 bytes stop pointer) in cmd 10	completed
13	SR	reads the 6 registers in 12 above	completed
14	SR	reads status registers (6 bytes)	completed
15	SR	sram memory check	completed
16	NW	loads the sram from bitstream held in flash	completed
18	NW	serial/parallel load operations of the V2PRO bitstream	not started
19	SR	reads the temperatures	completed

The following command shall be available to the core only

<u>CMD</u>	TYPE	FUNCTION	<u>Status</u>
17	NW	enable/disable the vertex clk	completed
20	NW	shut down power	completed
40	NW	selects internal/external 100MHz ADC clock	completed

COMMAND FORMATS

cmd 9/LW/stores the received stream from xport to sram on the sc card, can be used for bitstream

LW to segment.

This is a command that can be used to store a LW to the SRAM. One use of this command is to send the vertex bitstream from the user pc to be stored in flash ram. A separate document describes the format that the bitstream must take.

general format as follows:

Segment A0,zz,yy,xx,B0,09, + 6 bytes padding data 00,00,00,00,00 + (xxyyzz-8) hex bytes of payload data Core 20,zz,yy,xx,2C,09, + 6 bytes padding data 00,00,00,00,00 + (xxyyzz-8) hex bytes of payload data

The padding bytes are used such that an immediately following SW, SR or cmd 12 LW does not overwrite the payload data.

cmd 10/SR/ transmits the contents of sram from a start pointer to an end pointer to the xport

segment C0,00,00,04,D0,0A,00,00 core 40,00,00,00,4C,0A,00,00

cmd 11/NW/programs the flash from bitstream held in sram

segment 80,00,00,04,90,0B,X,00 core 00,00,00,04,0C,0B,X,00

where X (binary) = "00000000" programs flash 0 ic X (binary) = "00000001" programs flash 1 ic

cmd 12/LW/writes 6 bytes to register (3 bytes start pointer/3 bytes stop pointer) in cmd 10

(segment) A0,00,00,08,B0,0C,reg_ff,reg_ee,reg_dd,reg_cc,reg_bb,reg_aa, (core) 20,00,00,08,2C,0C,reg_ff,reg_ee,reg_dd,reg_cc,reg_bb,reg_aa,

Where:

reg_ff	most significant byte of stop pointer
reg_ee	middle byte of stop pointer
reg_dd	most significant byte of stop pointer
reg_cc	most significant byte of start pointer
reg_bb	middle byte of start pointer
reg_aa	least significant byte of start pointer

^{*} This command may overwrite the sram. This command reads memory bytes from between the pointers and writes them to address 0 upwards this is likely to overwrite the original sram contents. (On the slow control module SRAM is only available for the vhdl, not for programmer's memory storage).

cmd 13/SR/reads the 6 registers in cmd 12

(segment) C0,00,00,04,D0,0D,00,00 (core) 40,00,00,04,4C,0D,00,00

return bytes (on success) as follows (see cmd 12 for key)

(segment) C0,00,00,08,D0,0D, reg_ff,reg_ee,reg_dd,reg_cc,reg_bb,reg_aa (core) 40,00,00,08,4C,0D, reg_ff,reg_ee,reg_dd,reg_cc,reg_bb,reg_aa

cmd 14/SR/Reads status registers (6 bytes)

note – this command resets the register that counts the number of watchdog timeouts (the current value is readout by this command)

(segment) C0,00,00,04,D0,0E,00,00 (core) 40,00,00,04,4C,0E,00,00

return bytes (on success) as follows

(segment) C0,00,00,08,D0,0E, reg0,reg1,re2,reg3,reg4,reg5 (core) 40,00,00,08,4C,0E, reg0,reg1,re2,reg3,reg4,reg5

bytes reg0 thru reg5 indicate the following:

reg1 to reg 3 temperature threshold exceeded warnings as follows:

Reg0 -

Bit no.	Active	Indication				
	HI/Lo					
0	HI	Vertex clk status (hi = enabled, lo = not enabled, pwr up default = not enabled)				
1	HI	Core module clk source (hi = internal , lo = external, pwr up default = external)				
2	HI	Psu status monitor - core valid only on reading core module command				
3	HI	Psu status monitor - segment valid on reading core and segment module				
4		Not assigned				
5		Not assigned				
6		Not assigned				
7		Not assigned				

reg1 – Mirror of reg4 (legacy ignore) reg2 – Mirror of reg4 (legacy ignore)

Reg3 –

Bit no.	Active	Indication
	HI/Lo	
0		Not assigned
1		Not assigned
2		Not assigned
3		Not assigned
4		Bit d0 of command 20 (legacy code ignore)
5		Bit d1 of command 20 (legacy code ignore)
6		Bit d2 of command 20 (legacy code ignore)
7		Not assigned

reg4 - number of i/o watchdog timeouts occurring since power cycle

reg5 - CORE/SEGMENT code identification and version number.

This byte is coded as follows:

Bits 0 thru'6 – this is the current version number of the MCS that the fgpa is loaded with (0-127 values possible) Bit 7 - indicates which module type the code targets (1 = CORE module, 0 = SEGMENT module)

cmd 15/SR/SRAM memory check

(segment) C0,00,00,04,D0,0F,00,00 (core) 40,00,00,04,4C,0F,00,00

cmd frame returned:

segment C0,00,00,05,D0,0F + 3 bytes sram address (last good sram address written/read - 1F FF FF indicates success)

core 40,00,00,05,4C,0F + 3 bytes sram address (last good sram address written/read - 1F FF FF indicates success)

cmd 16/NW/loads the sram from bitstream held in flash

segment 80,00,00,04,90,10,0X,00 core 00,00,00,04,0C,10,0X,00

where X(binary) = "00000000" loads sram from flash 0 ic X(binary) = "00000001" loads sram from flash 1 ic

first flash byte of virtex bitstream at flash location = 0x000008 copied to address 0x000008 of sram last flash byte of virtex bitstream = 0x161B33 copied to address 0x161B33 of sram

cmd 17/NW/enable/disable the vertex clk

segment 80,00,00,04,90,11,X,00 core 00,00,00,04,0C,11,X,00

where X (binary) = "00000000" disables the 100MHz clk on the ADC card X (binary) = "00000001" enables the 100MHz clk on the ADC card

cmd 18/NW/ serial/parallel load operations of the V2PRO bitstream

segment 80,00,00,04,90,12,aa,bb core 00,00,00,04,0C,12,aa,bb

where byte aa bits defined as follows: (1 in bit location = enable, any combination of bits allowed).

To load a serial bitstream a logic HI is placed in the corresponding bit position below). Any or all of the adc cards may be selected for programming. Programming of all selected cards will be carried out simultaneously. Parallel load programming (specified by byte bb) shall take place after all serial load programming has completed. Parallel load programming of selected cards to program is carried out sequentially.

Bit no.	Action Core Module	Action Segment Module
0	Load bitstream from serial prom core adc card	Load bitstream from serial prom segment adc card 1
1	Load bitstream from serial prom segment adc card 5	Load bitstream from serial prom segment adc card 2
2	Load bitstream from serial prom segment adc card 6	Load bitstream from serial prom segment adc card 3
3		Load bitstream from serial prom segment adc card 4
4		
5		
6		
7		

where byte bb bits defined as follows: (1 in bit location = enable, any combination of bits allowed).

Bit no.	object	CORE MODULE	SEGMENT MODULE				
0	ADC card	Core ADC	Core ADC Segment ADC no.1				
1	ADC card	Segment ADC no.5	Segment ADC no.2				
2	ADC card	Segment ADC no.6	ment ADC no.6 Segment ADC no.3				
3	ADC card	N/A	Segment ADC no.4				
4	Flash RAM	SELECT FLASH FO	SELECT FLASH FOR BIT 0 (LO = FLASH 0, HI = FLASH 1)				
5	Flash RAM	SELECT FLASH FO	SELECT FLASH FOR BIT 1 (LO = FLASH 0, HI = FLASH 1)				
6	Flash RAM	SELECT FLASH FO	SELECT FLASH FOR BIT 2 (LO = FLASH 0, HI = FLASH 1)				
7	Flash RAM	SELECT FLASH FOR BIT 3 (LO = FLASH 0, HI = FLASH 1)					

cmd 19/SR/ reads the temperatures

(segment) C0,00,00,04,D0,13,00,00 (core) 40,00,00,04,4C,13,00,00

the returned message = header + 20 bytes payload data has the following format:

<u>header</u>

segment: C0,00,00,16,D0,13 core: 40,00,00,16,4C,13

payload

20 bytes of payload data as follows: header + payload byte 0 (PL0) + (PL1) (PL19) assignment of payload bytes:

core:

byte order		Reading sensor:	byte order		Reading sensor:
lsb	msb		lsb	msb	
PL1	PL0	Seg1 virtex	PL11	PL10	Core analog
PL3	PL2	Seg1 analog	PL13	PL12	Psu 0
PL5	PL4	Seg2 virtex	PL15	PL14	Psu 1
PL7	PL6	Seg2 analog	PL17	PL16	Psu 2
PL9	PL8	Core virtex	PL19	PL18	Not assigned

segment:

byte order		Reading sensor:	byte order		Reading sensor:
lsb	msb		lsb	msb	
PL1	PL0	Seg1 virtex	PL11	PL10	Seg3 analog
PL3	PL2	Seg1 analog	PL13	PL12	Seg4 virtex
PL5	PL4	Seg2 virtex	PL15	PL14	Seg4 analog
PL7	PL6	Seg2 analog	PL17	PL16	Psu 1
PL9	PL8	Seg3 virtex	PL19	PL18	Psu 2

The bit order within the two bytes used for each reading is as follows:

d0,d1,d2 - ignore

d3 := lsb data thru to d14 msb (12 bit resolution, 1 bit = 0.0625 degC)

d15 := sign bit (1 = below zero celsius)

Note: reading the temperature sensors on a core or segment module will clear the temperature status bits (cmd 14)

cmd 20/NW/ shut down power

segment 80,00,00,04,90,14,X,00 core 00,00,00,04,0C,14,X,00

where X (binary) = d7 thru d0

d0 - currently unassigned

d1 - currently unassigned

d2 - currently unassigned

d3 - external control shut down power NOW!!

Note - written values of d0 thru d2 are read back through the status registers bits 4,5,6 of reg3 of cmd 14. (legacy)

cmd 40/NW/ selects internal/external 100MHz ADC clock

core 00,00,00,04,0C,28,X,00

x = "00000000" enables external clk

x = "00000001" enables internal clk