

CORE/SEGMENT SPARTAN COMMANDS –V2_0, 12th Jul 2012

The following commands shall be available to the core and segment modules

<u>CMD</u>	<u>TYPE</u>	<u>FUNCTION</u>	<u>Status</u>
9	LW	stores the received stream from xport to sram on the sc card, can be used for bitstream	completed
10	SR	transmits the contents of sram from a start pointer to an end pointer to the xport	completed
11	NW	programs the flash from bitstream held in sram	not implemented
12	LW	writes 6 bytes to register (3 bytes start pointer/3 bytes stop pointer) in cmd 10	not applicable
13	SR	reads the 6 registers in 12 above	not applicable
14	SR	reads status registers (6 bytes)	completed
15	SR	sram memory check	not implemented
16	NW	loads the sram from bitstream held in flash	not implemented
18	NW	serial load operations of the V2PRO bitstream	not implemented
19	SR	reads the temperatures	completed
21	NW	parallel load operations of the V2PRO bitstream	completed

The following command shall be available to the core only

<u>CMD</u>	<u>TYPE</u>	<u>FUNCTION</u>	<u>Status</u>
17	NW	enable/disable the vertex clk	completed
20	NW	shut down power	completed
30	NW	selects access to segment module via core_xport or seg_xport	completed
40	NW	selects internal/external 100MHz ADC clock	completed

COMMAND FORMATS

cmd 9/LW/stores the received stream from xport to sram on the sc card, can be used for bitstream

LW to segment.

This is a command that can be used to store a LW to the SRAM. One use of this command is to send the vertex bitstream from the user pc to be stored in flash ram. A separate document describes the format that the bitstream must take.

general format as follows:

Segment A0,zz,yy,xx,B0,09, + 6 bytes padding data 00,00,00,00,00,00 + (xxyyzz-8) hex bytes of payload data
Core 20,zz,yy,xx,2C,09, + 6 bytes padding data 00,00,00,00,00,00 + (xxyyzz-8) hex bytes of payload data

The padding bytes are used such that an immediately following SW, SR or cmd 12 LW does not overwrite the payload data.

cmd 10/SR/ transmits the contents of sram from a start pointer to an end pointer to the xport

segment C0,00,00,04,D0,0A,00,00
core 40,00,00,04,4C,0A,00,00

cmd 11/NW/programs the flash from bitstream held in sram

segment 80,00,00,04,90,0B,X,00
core 00,00,00,04,0C,0B,X,00

where X (binary) = "00000000" programs flash 0 ic

X (binary) = "00000001" programs flash 1 ic

cmd 12/LW/writes 6 bytes to register (3 bytes start pointer/3 bytes stop pointer) in cmd 10

(segment) A0,00,00,08,B0,0C,reg_ff,reg_ee,reg_dd,reg_cc,reg_bb,reg_aa,
(core) 20,00,00,08,2C,0C,reg_ff,reg_ee,reg_dd,reg_cc,reg_bb,reg_aa,

Where:

reg_ff most significant byte of stop pointer
reg_ee middle byte of stop pointer
reg_dd most significant byte of stop pointer
reg_cc most significant byte of start pointer
reg_bb middle byte of start pointer
reg_aa least significant byte of start pointer

* This command may overwrite the sram. This command reads memory bytes from between the pointers and writes them to address 0 upwards this is likely to overwrite the original sram contents. (On the slow control module SRAM is only available for the vhdl, not for programmer's memory storage).

cmd 13/SR/reads the 6 registers in cmd 12

(segment) C0,00,00,04,D0,0D,00,00
(core) 40,00,00,04,4C,0D,00,00

return bytes (on success) as follows (see cmd 12 for key)

(segment) C0,00,00,08,D0,0D, reg_ff,reg_ee,reg_dd,reg_cc,reg_bb,reg_aa
(core) 40,00,00,08,4C,0D, reg_ff,reg_ee,reg_dd,reg_cc,reg_bb,reg_aa

cmd 14/SR/Reads status registers (6 bytes)

note – this command resets the register that counts the number of watchdog timeouts (the current value is readout by this command)

(segment) C0,00,00,04,D0,0E,00,00

(core) 40,00,00,04,4C,0E,00,00

return bytes (on success) as follows

(segment) C0,00,00,08,D0,0E, reg0,reg1,reg2,reg3,reg4,reg5

(core) 40,00,00,08,4C,0E, reg0,reg1,reg2,reg3,reg4,reg5

Bytes reg0 thru reg5 indicate the following:

Reg0 –

Bit no.	Active HI/Lo	Indication
0	HI	Vertex clk status (hi = enabled, lo = not enabled, pwr up default = not enabled)
1	HI	Core module clk source (hi = internal , lo = external, pwr up default = external)
2	HI	Core Psu status monitor (not available in segment module)
3	HI	Segment Psu status monitor
4	HI	Module_present_bit – (for core module, hi=seg_present, low = seg not present, for seg module, hi=core_present, low = core not present)
5	HI	Seg_xport_sel_pin – hi = segment module is accessed by seg_xport (for use with samwise)
6		Not assigned
7		Not assigned

reg1 – not used

reg2 – for debug use

Bit no.	Active HI/Lo	Indication
0	HI	config_rdwr_b_pin, controls the direction of the virtex programming data bus
1	HI	Spartan done pin
2		Not assigned
3		Not assigned
4		Not assigned
5		Not assigned
6		Not assigned
7		Not assigned

Reg3 – for debug use

Bit no.	Active HI/Lo	Indication
0	HI	Seg1 Virtex Done
1	HI	Seg2 Virtex Done
2	HI	Seg3 Virtex Done/Core Virtex Done
3	HI	Seg4 Virtex Done/NA in core module
4	HI	Seg1 Virtex Echo Done
5	HI	Seg2 Virtex Echo Done
6	HI	Seg3 Virtex Echo Done/Core Virtex Echo Done
7	HI	Seg4 Virtex Echo Done/NA in core module

Reg4 – for debug use

Bit no.	Active HI/Lo	Indication
0	HI	Seg1 Virtex Busy
1	HI	Seg2 Virtex Busy
2	HI	Seg3 Virtex Busy /Core Virtex Busy
3	HI	Seg4 Virtex Busy /NA in core module
4	HI	Seg1 Virtex Init B
5	HI	Seg2 Virtex Init B
6	HI	Seg3 Virtex Init B /Core Virtex Init B
7	HI	Seg4 Virtex Init B /NA in core module

reg5 - CORE/SEGMENT code identification and version number.

This byte is coded as follows:

Bits 0 thru'6 – this is the current version number of the MCS that the fgpa is loaded with (0-127 values possible) Bit 7 - indicates which module type the code targets (1= CORE module, 0 = SEGMENT module)

cmd 15/SR/SRAM memory check

(segment) C0,00,00,04,D0,0F,00,00
(core) 40,00,00,04,4C,0F,00,00

cmd frame returned:

segment C0,00,00,05,D0,0F + 3 bytes sram address (last good sram address written/read - 1F FF FF indicates success)
core 40,00,00,05,4C,0F + 3 bytes sram address (last good sram address written/read - 1F FF FF indicates success)

cmd 16/NW/loads the sram from bitstream held in flash

segment 80,00,00,04,90,10,0X,00
core 00,00,00,04,0C,10,0X,00

where X(binary) = "00000000" loads sram from flash 0 ic X(binary) =
"00000001" loads sram from flash 1 ic

first flash byte of virtex bitstream at flash location = 0x000008 copied to address 0x000008 of sram last flash byte of
virtex bitstream = 0x161B33 copied to address 0x161B33 of sram

cmd 17/NW/enable/disable the vertex clk

segment 80,00,00,04,90,11,X,00
core 00,00,00,04,0C,11,X,00

where X (binary) = "00000000" disables the 100MHz clk on the ADC card X (binary) =
"00000001" enables the 100MHz clk on the ADC card

cmd 18/NW/ serial load operations of the V2PRO bitstream

segment 80,00,00,04,90,12,aa,bb
core 00,00,00,04,0C,12,aa,bb

where byte aa bits defined as follows: (1 in bit location = enable, any combination of bits allowed).

To load a serial bitstream a logic HI is placed in the corresponding bit position below). Any or all of the adc cards may be selected for programming. Programming of all selected cards will be carried out simultaneously

Bit no.	Action Core Module	Action Segment Module
0	Load bitstream from serial prom core adc card	Load bitstream from serial prom segment adc card 1
1	Load bitstream from serial prom segment adc card 5	Load bitstream from serial prom segment adc card 2
2	Load bitstream from serial prom segment adc card 6	Load bitstream from serial prom segment adc card 3
3		Load bitstream from serial prom segment adc card 4
4		
5		
6		
7		

cmd 19/SR/ reads the temperatures

(segment) C0,00,00,04,D0,13,00,00
(core) 40,00,00,04,4C,13,00,00

the returned message = header + 20 bytes payload data has the following format:

header

segment: C0,00,00,16,D0,13
core: 40,00,00,16,4C,13

payload

20 bytes of payload data as follows: header + payload byte 0 (PL0) + (PL1) (PL19)

assignment of payload bytes:

core:

byte order		Reading sensor:	byte order		Reading sensor:
lsb	msb		lsb	msb	
PL1	PL0	Seg1 virtex	PL11	PL10	Core analog
PL3	PL2	Seg1 analog	PL13	PL12	Psu 0
PL5	PL4	Seg2 virtex	PL15	PL14	Psu 1
PL7	PL6	Seg2 analog	PL17	PL16	Psu 2
PL9	PL8	Core virtex	PL19	PL18	Not assigned

segment:

byte order		Reading sensor:	byte order		Reading sensor:
lsb	msb		lsb	msb	
PL1	PL0	Seg1 virtex	PL11	PL10	Seg3 analog
PL3	PL2	Seg1 analog	PL13	PL12	Seg4 virtex
PL5	PL4	Seg2 virtex	PL15	PL14	Seg4 analog
PL7	PL6	Seg2 analog	PL17	PL16	Psu 1
PL9	PL8	Seg3 virtex	PL19	PL18	Psu 2

The bit order within the two bytes used for each reading is as follows:

d0,d1,d2 - ignore
d3 := lsb data thru to d14 msb (12 bit resolution, 1 bit = 0.0625 degC)
d15 := sign bit (1 = below zero celsius)

Note: reading the temperature sensors on a core or segment module will clear the temperature status bits (cmd 14)

cmd 20/NW/ shut down power

segment 80,00,00,04,90,14,X,00
core 00,00,00,04,0C,14,X,00

where X (binary) = d7 thru d0

- d0 - currently unassigned
- d1 - currently unassigned
- d2 - currently unassigned
- d3 - external control shut down power NOW!!

Note - written values of d0 thru d2 are read back through the status registers bits 4,5,6 of reg3 of cmd 14. (legacy)

cmd 21/NW/ parallel load operations of the V2PRO bitstream

segment 80,00,00,04,90,15,aa,00
core 00,00,00,04,0C,15,aa,00

where aa is the Virtex that is going to be programmed as per the table below (parallel programming is possible):

Bit no.	Active HI/Lo	Indication
0	HI	Seg1 Virtex
1	HI	Seg2 Virtex
2	HI	Seg3 Virtex /Core Virtex
3	HI	Seg4 Virtex /NA in core module
4		not assigned
5		not assigned
6		not assigned
7		not assigned

cmd 30/NW/ selects access to segment module via core_xport or seg_xport

core 00,00,00,04,0C,1E,X,00

x = "00000000" selects core_xport for accessing the segment module,

x = "00000001" selects seg_xport for accessing the segment module.

cmd 40/NW/ selects internal/external 100MHz ADC clock

core 00,00,00,04,0C,28,X,00

x = "00000000" enables external clk,

x = "00000001" enables internal clk